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Rouvier, Albert Grevy, Charles Be Les-seps, Balhant, and Ten Others-Emperor Williams' Birthday Celebrated in Berifa,

Paris, Jan. 27 .- M. Franqueville, the examning magistrate, has found a true bill of ac susation against Deputy and ex-Minister of Finance Rouvier, Senator Albert Grevy, prother of the late President of the Republic; ex-Minister Charles Balhaut, ex-Deputy Cob-ron, ex-Deputy Sans-Leroy, M. Blondin, Charles de Lessepa, Henry Cottu, Marius Fontane, Senator Beral, Senator Deves, Senator Benault, Deputy Dugue de la Fauconnerie, and Deputy Antonin Proust.

In order to prevent any general revival of the recent in inuations and mud throwing, the Government is trying to keep the matter as quiet as possible. Should the Chamber of Indictments not confirm the true bills, M. Bourgeois will propose that M. Franqueville's re-port be considered conjointly by the Chamber Indictments and the Chamber of Correctional Appeals, whose decision would be rearded as invested with exceptional authority. the true bills be vetoed, further proceed es will be abandoned.

Magistrate Franqueville absolves from acusation Deputy and ex-Minister Jules Roche. Senator Thevenet, and Deputy Emanuel trene on the ground that there is no evidence

warranting their prosecution.

La France says that M. Rouvier will ask to be tried by the Senate, sitting as a court of

The announcement of M. Franqueville's dedsion has revived the languishing interest of the Deputies in the Panama scandal. Nothing was discussed in the parliamentary lobbles this afternoon. Groups of Deputies in earnest conversation concerning the new situ-ation filled the corridors of the Palais Bouron. The chamber where the naval estimates were being debated was almost deserted.

Jules Roche is expected to precipitate the next scene in the Chamber. He was one of special permission of the Chamber was obtained. In view of his exculpation by M. Franqueville, he intends to interpellate the vernment as to its purpose in subjecting

Franqueville, he intends to interpellate the Government as to its purpose in subjecting him to the suspicions under which he has suffered for five weeks.

The first report of M. Brisson's Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry will be drafted, at the suggestion of several members, next Monday, as the Commission. In Monday's sitting the members of the Commission will consider the expediency of directing the Government's attention to the difficulties experienced by the Commission in securing documents from the examining magistrate. Many Goouments which the Commission wished to secure are still in M. Franqueville's hands. If the Commission resolve to make a formal statement in the matter, M. Brisson will submit the statement in the Chamber of Deputies, and sak that steps be taken at once to obtain the documents for the use of a Parliamentary Commission.

The Liberis says that more documents referring to Cornelius Herz's dealings with Baron de Reinach have been seized at the bank of M. Propper, formerly Reinach's partner. These documents, adds the Liberis show clearly the dishonestry of Herz's business methods.

The executor of Baron de Reinach's estate applied to the courts to-day for authority to summons Herz and his wife to appear, in order that he might test the validity of investments which Herz made, in Mrs. Herz's name, in Paris real estate. The application was granted, and the case will be heard on Feb. 2. The executor is taking every possible step to recover from Herz the money said to have been unduly received by him from Baron de Reinach.

Pannax, via Galveston, Jan. 27.—The newstance F. Formers of Cartagean publishes a letter from Pannama revealing an alleged violation of contract on the part of the Pannama Canal Company in the transfer of material to the Pannam Hallroad. The letter states that in August last the company effected as ale of the Pannam and 28 locomotives for \$400.000. This, according to the letter, is regarded as a fraudulent attempt to swindle the republic of Colombia.

colombia.

The newspaper Observator of Panama is opposed to further negotiations with the French, and says that their dealings are dishonorable and that no good can result to Colombia from negotiating with them.

Tang, Jan. 24.—It is learned this morning that M. Fanqueville has found a true bill also gainst Ferdinand de Lesseps.

The proceedings against M. Rouvier and the other defendants were originated through the discovery of the counterfoils of the so-called Thierese checks, which were supposed to have been burned. The committee appointed by the Chamber of Deputies to investigate the charges of corruption in connection with Pannma legislation received an anonymous letter declaring that the counterfoils had been better declaring that the counterfoils had been subjected by Capt. Eden. She declared emphatically that she had never occupied a room with Capt. Eden. Lady Alice also testified to the persections to which she had been subjected by Capt. Eden and said that, notwithstanding the latter knew she was averse to the attentions he tried to force upon her, she had received ahundred letters from him.

Lady Alice further said that in the spring of 1885 Capt. Eden threatand to murder her son, who was then about four years old, and his governess. Afterward he applogized for making this threat. The witness admitted that she called Capt. Eden by his Christian name, George, and that he called her by hers, Alice.

EXPLOSION IN A COAL MINE. from the negative of the counterfolis, and having sent them to M. Thierree. He added that he had kept two proofs for himself, and these he gave to the police officer, who afterward confronted M. Thierree with them. The banker being called upon to surrender any photographs which might be in his possession, at first maintained that he had destroyed the original counterfolls, but ultimately admitted that he had entrusted them to the care of a hotary whose address he gave. The Commissary of Police at once proceeded to this notary's office and there found the missing counterfolls.

misary of Tolice at once proceeded to this notary's office and there found the missing counterfoils.

On the request of M. Tanon, the Public Prosecutor, the Senate and Chamber of Deputies granted permission for the prosecution of the implicated parties.

Under clauses 177 and 179 of the French Penal Code, public officials who have taken bribes or who have agreed to use their positions in order to be nefit by certain promises are liable to be destrived of their rights as citizens and to be condemned to a fine double the value of the promises accepted or the sums received. Persons invested with an "electoral mandate," that is to say Deputies, are subject to the same penalties under the same conditions. Others render themselves liable to imprisonment for one year at the lowest and five at the most, as well as to a fine. Those who have carried out the corrupt practices are liable to the same penalties as the persons whom they have bribed or to whom they have made promises.

ROME'S BANK SCANDAL.

& Ministerial Defeat Narrowly Averted by an Adjournment. ROME, Jan. 27.-Signor A. Monzilli, Director of the Bureau of Industry and Commerce, has been arrested for complicity in the bank frauds. Summonses have been issued by the

examining magistrate for thirty men impli-

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Signor In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Signor Colajenni made a violent attack upon the Government. He reminded the Deputies that he had directed attention to the scandalous practices of the banks in 1889, when Signor Golifiti was Minister of Finance. Subsequent revelations had justified all his charges. Signor Colajanni then adduced evidence that the banks had been used for political burposes. He knew he said, that the Government had drawn on the National Bank for junds with which to pay election expenses, and now that the scandal was cropping out had tried to direct the resentment of the public against the Banca Bomana in order to shield the National Bank.

Signor Colajanni's speech was delivered amid oppressive silence. As he took his seat the Deputies began applauding and cheering. The confusion was so great that Premier Gioliti was obliged to wait ten minutes before he could make himself heard.

Then he evaded giving a direct answer to Bignor Colajanni's charges, and merely deprecated the effort to institute a Parliamentary inquiry into the bank scandals. A friend of the Government moved an adjournment, and the motion was carried by a narrow majority. A prolongation of the sitting would have resulted probably in a Ministerial defeat. To morrow, it is expected, the Deputies will take a calmer view of the situation, and will give the tovernment a small majority.

A fashionable milliner named Luri has been arrested for compileity in the bank frauds. She has been the creature of bignor Cuciniello, manager of the Bank of Naples, who, nithough 74 years old and of proverbial austerity, has led secretly a most depraved life. Colajenni made a violent attack upon the Gov-

Home Excited by a Powder Squib.

Home, Jan. 27.-The explosion of a gunpowder squib near the window of the Quirinal yesterday evening caused considerable excite ment. A report spread that an attempt had been made to how up the Quirinal and that the explosion was the result of a political consultracy. On inquiry the alarming rumors proved to be entirely without foundation. The explosion of the squib was accidental, and no damage was done.

Members of Parliament May He Paid, LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Daily Chronicle ex-presses the belief that the next budget will provide for the payment of all members of the liouse of Commons. THE MORLEYS WIN.

They Get a Verdict Against the Longhuans for £140,000

LONDON, Jan. 27.-A verdiet was rendered in the Morley-Longhman case to-day awarding the plaintiffs £140,000. The defendants were ordered to pay the costs. The Judge before whom the case was tried declared that the amount of money sued for had been obtained by the Longhmans from Henry Morley by undue influence which had been exercised under

the cloak of religion.
In 1801 Henry Morley, a brother of the plaintiffs committed suicide at Launceston. When his will was proved it was found that the personalty left by him amounted in value to only \$155,000 while it should have been worth at least \$1,000,000. Mesers. Arnold and Samuel Morley were executors under the will, and Morley were executors under the win, and they at once investigated to discover what had become of their brother's property. Sometime before his death Henry Morley had been living with three brothers named Longhman, who had formerly been elergymen of the Church of England, but who had left that communion to join the Plymouth Brethren, a close re-ligious sect. Henry Morley was also a mem-ber of this sect. to join the Plymouth Brethren, a close religious sect. Henry Morley was also a member of this sect.

It was soon learned that \$700,000 of Henry Morley's money had found its way into the possession of the Longhmans, and the executors began suit to recover that amount, alleging that the ex-clergymen had used undue influence to get control and possession of Mr. Morley's property. It is not believed that the plaintiffs will recover the full amount of the judgment, as much of the \$700,000 has been spent by the Longhmans on their families, but the greater portion of the money, which has been deposited in bank or invested in real estate, will be turned over to its owners.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S BIRTHDAY Celebrated in Berlin with Great Enthusiasm

-The Czar Gives a Dinner. Benlin, Jan. 27.-The thirty-fourth anniversary of Emperor William's birthday was celebrated to-day with the customary serenades. parades, and court reception. The walks in Unter den Linden were crowded when the Emperor and Czarowitch drove out, attended by a brilliant suite, to visit the Arsenal. They were greeted with exceptional enthusiasm. birthday dinner was given in the sliver hall of the royal palace. At the opera this evening five Deputies for whose prosecution the the Emperor entertains his princely guests in the royal box. The streets are illuminated

the Emperor entertains his princely guests in the royal box. The streets are liluminated and all the shops are decorated. The weather has been fine since early morning.

ST. PETERBRURS, Jan. 27.—The Czar gave a dinner in honor of Emperor William this evening.

HAMBURG, Jan. 27.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Hamburger Correspondent asys that at the Court dinner given in Emperor William's honor the Czar toasted Emperor William's honor the Czar toasted Emperor William's honor the Czar toasted Emperor William's honor the Emperor, made significant remarks as to the Emperor, made significant remarks as to the Army bill. He said that, after mature consideration and hearing advice from experienced men, the Emperor had made his demands upon the nation with the sole object of preserving the integrity and peace of the Empire.

The Emperor's demands had met with some opposition, but it was to be hoped that the crisis would be happily passed. It would be passed happily if all Germans were as faithful to the Emperor and empire as were the people of Schleswig and Holstein. In that case the crisis would have served merely to increase the prestige of the fatherland, as no-body would then dare to make an attack upon Germany, and peace would be assured for many years.

LADY GOOCH'S DIVORCE SUIT.

Written Her Name in a Hotel Register. LONDON, Jan. 27.-The hearing of Lady Alice her husband, Sir Alfred Sherlock Gooch, was resumed to-day in the divorce division of her Majesty's High Court of Justica. Evidence was submitted to prove that Lady Alice had visited certain hotels, and that Capt. Eden had visited her at these places. The Judge required proof that the person who stayed at swore that he had seen the visitors' books of these hotels, and that on the dates on which Lady Alice is charged with visiting them he saw entries in them in his wife's handwriting. Lady Alice testified in denial of Sir Alired's statements. She said she had never written her name or any other name in the visitors' book of the Exeter Hotel, where, it was charged, she had been guilty of infidelity with Capt. Eden. She declared emphatically that she had never occupied a room with Capt. Eden. Lady Alice also testified to the persecutions to which she had been subjected by Capt. Eden and said that, notwithstanding the latter knew she was averes to the atternance. swore that he had seen the visitors' books of

Nineteen Bodles Taken Out-130 Men Still in the Mine-All Will Probably Perish. BUDA-PESTH. Jan. 27 .- An explosion from a cause still unascertained took place in a coal mine at Tokod, near Gran, this morning. Fire started immediately after the explosion and is still burning. About 150 men were in the mine at the time of the explosion. The shaft was not impaired, and the cage was sent down almost at once. The bodies of nineteen men who had been killed by the shock were found near the bottom of the shaft and were brought

near the bottom of the shaft and were brought up. The cage then went down again, but returned immediately, as the smoke was so dense that the rescue party was unable to remain below. Two of the party were unconscious before they reached the top. About 130 men are still in the mine.

Machinery was taken out from Gran to partly flood the mine, but as yet there are no signs that the fire is abating. The whole population of Tokod is around the pit's mouth, but no effort has been made since noon to send down a rescue party. All the miners are believed to be dead. As the work of rescue cannot be attempted for several hours, there is practically no hope that any of the men below will be saved.

AN ANARCHIST'S PROTEST.

He Grabs a Lot of Jewelry from a Window and Throws It in the Gutter.

LONDON, Jan. 27.-Christopher Davies, a. leader among Birmingham Anarchists, smashed a jeweller's window in New street, Birmingham, this afternoon, and snatched a lot of watches and rings. When a policeman started to arrest him Davies threw the jewelry into the gutter, but did not run. The watches and rings were valued at \$700 or \$800. Most of them were recovered by the jeweller's

of them were recovered by the jeweller's clerks.

In the police court Davies protested against the imputation of robbery. He did not wish the watches and rings for his own use, he said, but took them and scattered them in the gutter to call people's attention to the unequal distribution of property. The magistrate committed him for trial. As he was taken from the court room Davis shouted "Long live anarchy," and two men in the crowd, who had followed him from New street, shouted back, "Long live anarchy." These two men were at once arrested. The magistrate released one of them after cautioning him against repeating the offence. The other was remanded.

DENOUNCED THE ROTHSCHILD PLAN. Sir William Houldsworth Tells the Bime-

tallic League It Is Artificial. MANCHESTER, Jan. 27.-The annual meeting of the Bimetallic League was held here to-day.

The report for the past year showed great progress, and vigorous and aggressive work was urged in view of the fact that the Brussels Monetary Conference would reassemble in May. Sir William Henry Houldsworth, one of the British delegates to the Brussels Confer-ence, denounced as artificial the scheme pro-posed by Mr. Alfred de Bothschild for the pur-chase of an allotted quantity of silver under an international arrangement. Sir Guilford-Lindsey Molesworth declared that the contest had resolved itself into a fight between Lombard street and the interests of England. The meeting was largely attended and there was considerable enthusiasm.

The Princess of Wales's Contribution to the World's Fair.

LONDON, Jan. 27.-The Princess of Wales sent this week to the Chicago World's Fair a beautiful corner chair of carved oak, with cut cowhide carving, made by the public of the Sandringham Technical School. The cowhide Sandringham Technical School. The cowhide was cut by the Princess of Wales according to her own design. The reserved price is £100, to be devoted to charity. The Princesses of Sandringham Technical School. The cowhide will be rowed on March 22. The Uxford Boat Club has decided not to accept the challenge from the Cornell University Boat Club to row a race in the United States. The Oxford Club will ask for fuller details in regard to the proposed race to be rowed in Chicago during the World's Sale.

The second appearance of Eleonora Duse, at the Fifth Avenue Theatre last evening, was a BILL PASSED BY THE SENATE, second American triumph for the Italian

The play was Sardou's "Fedora." In its rapid succession of incident and violent range of emotions, it afforded Signora Duse more uninterrupted opportunities for the display of her dramatic power than did her first night's character, yet she met the additional demand in a manner which earned for her even more enthusiasm than did her acting in "Camille."

The great opportunity for the Princess Fedora-the scene in the third act leading up to her confession of love for Loris, whose destruction she has plotted-Signora Duse played so unlike Fanny Davenport and Sarah Bernhardt as to make of it an entirely new

played so unlike Fanny Davenport and Sarah Bernhardt as to make of it an entirely new emotional situation.

When Lovis discloses to Fedora that he killed her former lover, not from a political motive, as she supposed, but because of an offence which showed to her that her lover had been false. Signora Duse underwent a physical change which was almost horrible.

In the beginning of the preceding act, in the saloon scene, she looked a handsome woman of twenty; before the end of the confession scene the was a haggard woman of fifty.

When this act closes, with the Princess begging Lovis to prolong the assignation, because that is the only way she can save him from the manner of the two Fedoras who have preceded her here.

Instead of the physical resistance to his departure, which has always suggested wonderment at the stupidity of Lovis for not discovering the true situation. Signora Duse gains her point by softer methods: as much more effective, it seems, as they are less alarming.

She is most subtle in the salon scene of the second act. There, before she admits any tenderness for Lovis, and while only luring him to betray him. Fedora does not neglect any advantage her evening to liet affords for display or suggestion of her womanily charms, yet the instinct to kill is always manifestly pear the surface. The bill passed the Senate by a party vote of 17 to 10, all the Democratic Senators being present. The Republicans opposed the bill,

him to betray him. Fellow a cose not neglect any advantage her evening toilet affords for display or suggestion of her womanly charms, yet the instinct to kill is always manifestly near the surface.

The same excellent stage management which saves the gambling room quarrel scene in "Camille," as acted by Signora Duse's company, from offensive features, has made the death scene in "Fedora" less revolting than it has been made by others.

Lovis finds other methods than cheking Fedora for a proper expression of his feeling in that scene.

Cavaliere Flavio Ando, the Lovis, is also the stage manager. He is indulgent to M. Sardou. In the saion scene of the second act he admits Sardou's lines to the last word, and manages to make the scene interesting, even without the stars, for fully fifteen minutes.

If it is possible that there is no "thing our own stage managers should len' it may be that Signor Ando's respect for the laywright may be that thing.

This evening Signora Duse will repeat "Camille," and on Monday evening appear in Sardou's "Fernande." MANAGER HAMMERSTEIN AGGRIEVED.

He Says Some of the Critice Have Made Hin Star Sick.

AMUSEMENTS.

Eleonora Duse as Fedora.

tregedienne.

Manager Oscar Hammerstein, who planned to give a season of thirtoen weeks of grand opera in English at the Manhattan Opera House, is aggrieved at the treatment he has received from a few of the critics. Last night he made an official statement that he would be compelled to abandon the enterprise if this slashing criticism was persisted in. He said giving grand opera at popular prices without the aid of any subscriptions or bonus from the the aid of any subscriptions or bonus from the rich men and women of New York, and that he was giving opera in English besides.

"To judge the efforts of these artists upon the high standard of the Italian and German stars which New Yorkers have heard is hardly generous," he said. "Furthermore, it must be remembered that I did not claim that the performances would be of such a high class. Al! I claimed was that I would give good grand opera in English, with the best talent that could be secured for English grand opera. I knew at the start that I could not make money, but I wanted to establish English grand opera in New York if possible.

"Mr. Durwand Lily, my tenor, has been prostrated upon a sick bed by the absolute brutality of one of the criticisms, and some others of the principals are disheartened. If they do not get some encouragement they will become demoralized and the venture will have to be given up. I will judge by the reception of next week's operas. If this venture is alamdoned we will never have grand opera in linglish in this city. No manager would be foolish enough to attempt it if I fail."

THE VAUDEVILLE WILL OPEN AT 10 P.M. Who Are in Business.

After an experiment of two weeks it has been Club are not agreeable to the members who are obliged to get to their places of business early in the morning. It has therefore been determined by the governors that on and after next Monday the entertainments shall begin at 9:30 o'clock with a preliminary concert by the regular orchestra of the club. The vaude-ville will open at 10 o'clock, and, with the in-termission between the two parts, will occupy a little more than two hours. pularity nightly. The club is gaining in popularity nightly, and this change will meet the approvak of a great majority of the members. The Sunday concerts will begin, as usual, at 9:30 o'clock. Beginning with to-morrow night, a dinner a la carte will be served in the club restaurant every evening between the hours of 7 and 0:30 o'clock.

PARSON DAVIES WON'T QUIT.

He Neatly Disconcerts Many of His Enemies in His Congregation.

ry E. Davies of the Congregational Church, whose differences with his flock have secured him much newspaper notoriety, has finally decided that he will not resign, and he proposes to stick to his decision. It was brought about in a peculiar way. Last Monday the daughter of the lady with whom Parson Davies boards circulated a paper speaking in the highest terms of Mr. Davies. She secured 115 signatures, many of those being most active in the movement to bounce the dominie signing the paper with great alactiv. When the paper was presented to Mr. Davies and he read the signatures he decided that his parishioners had thally come to their senses and would fight him no longer, and that he had resumed his old place in their affections. Accordingly he gave it out that he would not resign.

At this some of the signers of the paper were angry. They said that when they signed they supposed it was a sort of testimonial and that the pastor was going to leave. Now they propose to take other steps to get him out. On ast Sunday Mr. Davies had promised to make a statement, and he did so. He went over the situation, criticising the congregation severely for the stand the people had taken against him. It was a roasting process, which in view of the paper they had signed and his present determination to remain with them, makes them feel very uncomfortable. terms of Mr. Davies. She secured 115 signa-

Ella Ford's Murder.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 27 .- George Morris. or Hillman, the negro who is accused of having murdered Ella Ford, his mistress, or huosekeeper, at his home in Locust or huosekeeper, at his home in Locuststreet, this city, was arrested this morning at a house in Philadelphia. The murder
was not discovered until last night. The
house had apparently been deserted since
Tuesday.

The mysterious disappearance of Morris and
the woman was regarded as suspicious, and
an investigation was made. A hammer covered with blood and a blood-stained skirt were
found in one of the upper rooms. Blood was
spattered on the walls and furniture. There
was also a trail of blood leading down stairs
to the cellar. was also a trail of blood leading down stairs to the cellar. When the cellar was examined the body of the murdered woman was found. The murdered had due a grave less than two feet deen, and having thrown the body into it covered it over with earth. Morris, who is a middle-aged man, brought Flia Ford from Philadelphia a short time ago, and she had been living with him in the house in Locust struct up to the time of the murder.

Found a Baby in Front of the Seminary. While on post last night Policeman Robertson of the West Twentieth street station was accosted by Walter E. Carey of 156 Ninth aveaccosted by Walter E. Carey of 1505 Ninth avenue, who put a month-old baby in his arms. Carey said he had picked the infant up in front of the Episcopal Theological Seminary in West Twenty-first street. The founding is a pretty girl, well clad. It had on a white flannel petticoat white lines slip, black casbmere shaw, and blue weellen hood and stockings. There was nothing to give a clue to its identity, and it is now in charge of Matron Travers at Police Headquartors.

Oxford and Cambridge to Row on March 22 LONDON, Jan. 22. - The annual boat race beTHE ALBANY LEGISLATURE

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

It Was Then Sent to the Governor and Prompily Signed-Republican Senators Opposed It Because Democrats Would Be in a Majority in the Convention, ALBINY, Jan. 27,-The amended Constitutional Convention bill was returned to the Governor this afternoon. The amendments increase the number of delegates to be elected from each Senate district to five and decrease the number of delegates at large to fifteen. Any voter may vote for the whole fifteen, but there is no restriction of any kind made on the nominations. It is expected that bygeneral arrangement the Republican and the Democratic State Conventions will put on their tickets five or six representatives of the minority parties, among them a woman suf-fragist. But under the present State Constitution, which restricts the Legislature in its power to pass bills, every voter in the State is entitled to vote for all the candidates on a ticket, and no system of cumulative or minority voting is provided for.

because they said that the Democrats would be in a majority in the Convention. They offered minor amendments, with the object of having the bill go back again to the Assembly were lost. The delegates are to be elected at the general election next November. The Convention is to meet in Albany in May, 1894, and to sit during the summer.

Senator Zerubabel Erwin said that the bill the general election next November. The Convention is to meet in Albany in May, 1894, and to sit during the summer.

Senator Zerubabei Erwin said that the bill was drawn by the same people who stole the Logislature from the Republicans, and then, after having his name called out of its order, he hurried to eatch a train to go up to St. Lawrence county and spend Sunday.

The Rev. Senator Edwards was opposed to striking out the minority representation, forgetting that it was not a question of inclination, but of the constitutionality of the bill which compelled the Democrats to omit the minority features. "What we need is less of party and more of the people in this body," said the reverend Senator. "This bill means that the Democrats will elect and the fifteen delegates at large. There is too much talk of party in this body and too much polities."

Nothing vile, corrupt, or disgusting has ever taken place in politics in this state which cid not emanate from non-partisan commissions, said Senator McCarren. "When you have a non-partisan commission nobody is responsible. Our theory of government is to hold parties responsible. If the majority of the people of the State Convention should be Democrats. The Convention will not have the power to amend the Constitution, but only to surgest amendments they will not adopt them. The Republican party is sure of representation in the Convention, and it can nominate whom it pleases in the sure Republican Senate districts."

"The trouble is," said Senator Saxton, "that the Constitutional Convention will be Democratic, and that the big Tammany majority in New York city will pass the amendments which the Democratic Convention will recommend, and that in this manner the hold of Tammany Hall on the State will be insured."

Senator Cantor pointed out that the Republicans were really opposed to any Constitutional, A better class of men would be selected for delegates if a nomination was not equivalent to an election. Under the system of minority representation, and not by the party

ernor Senate committees reported favorably bills

ernor.

Senate committees reported favorably bills permitting the suspension of sentences of less than ten years, for opening the American Museum of Natural History and the Metropolitan Museum of Art five days of the week free of charge, to set aside additional docks for the disposal of garlage, to pay street cleaners by the day instead of by the month; for additional school and improvement bonds in Brooklyn, and for the adjustment of damage to the grading of streets in the annexed district.

The Senate passed the bill to legalize the appointment of a Commission by Mayor Boody to investigate the Brooklyn. Fire Department. The nomination of Fred C. Schraub of Lowville, Lewis county, to be Dairy Commissioner to succeed Commissioner Brown, whose term has expired, was confirmed by the Senate.

Gov. Flower sent in the nomination of Edward Feency of Brooklyn to be a member of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration, in place of Florence F. Donovan, term expired.

The New York Association for Improving

tion, in place of Florence F. Donovan, term expired.

The New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor sent a memorial to the Assembly asking the Legislature to take action to prevent impurity in the water supply of New York city.

Bills were introduced in the Assembly by Mr. Plant—To prohible elevated roads from doing an advertising and merchandise besiness other than running news stands; also to prohibit the sprinkling of sait on the streets to melt snow.

Mr. Webster—To provide for the covering back into the treasury of New York city of unexpended balances at the end of the year.

Mr. Stead—To appropriate \$17,600 for the improvement of the channel of the Hudson River.

ment of the channel of the Hudson River.

Col. Quigley introduced an amendment to the Compulsory Education act providing that children between the ages of 7 and 14 shall attend public or private-school or be instructed at home during the full period of the school year, and that children between 14 and 16, who are not regularly employed, shall be liable to the provisions of the act. Children whose parents are unable to buy books are to have their books free, and if the school trustees do not furnish the books they shall not be entitled to a share in the general school fund. fund.

GREENS FARMS, Conn., Jan. 27.-Parson Hen-LINDSAY WILL SUCCEED CARLISLE, He Is a Member of the Kentucky Senate and a Pronounced Cleveland Man,

Louisville, Jan. 27.-Ex-Judge William Lindsay will succeed Mr. Carlisis as Senator from Kentucky. Congressman James B. Mc-Creary and W. J. Stone withdrew from the race this afternoon, leaving Judge Lindsay the only candidate. Gov. John Young Brown withdrew a week ago. The caucus will be held next Thursday evening, and Mr. Lindsay will be unanimously nominated by the Democrats. Augustus E. Wilson, a young lawyer crats. Augustus E. Wilson, a young lawyer who has made several unsuccessful races for Congress, was nominated by the Republicans as their candidate last night. There are only fifteen Republicans in the whole Legislature. The fight over the Senatorship has been very lively. Mr. Lindsay was selected by the pronounced Cleveland men in the State. The argument was effective that Mr. Cleveland wanted a man friendly to the Administration, and although Messrs. McCreary and Stone protested that they were not hostile to Mr. Cleveland, their protestations were of no avail.

Cleveland, their protestations were of avail.

Mr. Lindsay is a member of the State Senate, an ex-Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, and a member of the National Board of the World's Fair Commissioners. He refused the President's offer of an appointment on the Inter-State Commerce Commission several months ago. He is regarded as the ablest lawyer in Kentucky.

Thurston Still a Senatorial Possibility in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Jan. 27.-It is beginning to be manifest that an attempt will be made to make John M. Thurston the Republican caucus nominee for United States Senator despite his withdrawal. The three votes cast for him to-day are regarded as the beginning of the revived Thurston boom. There is little of the revived Thurston boom. There is little change in the situation otherwise. The fifty-four Populist votes remain loyal to Powers, Paddock to-day received his original 33. Lieut-Gov. Majors got 11.

In the House this afternoon the contest cases involving the soals of seven Republican members were indefinitely postponed after a hard fight, in which the Democratic-Populist combine failed to adhere. This has an important bearing on the Senatorial question, as the Populists, counting upon the support of the Democrats, have been positive that they would displace the Republicans and seat seven hew Populist members.

Mitchell Made Senator.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 27. The formal election of John L. Mitchell to the United States Senate was consummated by the Democratic mapority in the Legislature at noon to-day. The point assembly was presided over by Lieut-tice. Jonas. The lobbies and galleries were crowded. The vote was taken viva voce and resulted: Mitchell, 77; John C. Spooner, 46; E.S. Bragg, I. E. S. Brage, L.

The North Dakota Senstorably Bi-Marck, N. D., Jan. 27.—Twenty-sixth bal-lot for United States Senator: Caser. 37; An-derson, 14; Smith. 6; Boach, 16; Muir. 3; King-man, 5; scattering, 10.

The Montana Senate Fight. HELENA, Jan. 27.—To-day's vote for Senator was as follows: Sanders, 28; Clark, 20; Dixon, 11; Golibas 1; pairs, 5 WYOMING'S SENATE FIGHT.

Mrs. Bartlett Drops Out-Otherwise There CHEYENNE, Jan. 27.-The vote in the Legislature for United States Senator was: ren (Rep.), 12; New (Dem.), 11; Clark (Rep.) 7; Brown (Pop.), 5; Holliday (Dem.), 4; Rich ards (Rep.), 3; Corn (Dem.), Beck (Dem.), 2 each; Hinton (Pop.), 2; Kabis (Dem.), 1. Mrs. Bartlett dropped out. The change was very slight. Mr. New's vote

would have three more Democrats and at least

one or two of the Populists. They were disappointed, but are none the less sanguine and aggressive. New is making a sleepless cam-paign. The Daily Leader of this city came out aggressive. New is making a sleepless campaign. The Daily Leader of this city came out against him this morning. Its continued antagonism is bound to weaken him.

It was the only publication that had the temerity to stand for the people against the cattlemen, and came out with flying colors, and if there is one man in the State who is considered to be honest without a selfish motive, it is Editor Carroll, who, with Gen. Thompson, Secretary of the State Committee, had to bear the brunt of battle, it is pretty well understood that Thompson will be a Senatorial candidate within three days. He maintains that he is still for New, but finds the pressure becoming so great that he has been forced to say that he will put himself in the hands of his friends.

The Leader will not advocate the claims of any particular candidate. It is liable any day to puncture the boom of George W. Baxter. To be Senator from Wyoming a man should be entirely free from taint of the stockmen's invasion, and Mr. Baxter has not yet said "Not guilty."

One Democrat and one Republican voted today for Populists. Republicans are no closer together than they were a month ago. Warren bad one vote fewer to-day than yesterday and Congressman Clark one more. They are in caucus has been called to-day.

Immediately after the convening of the joint session at noon, Mr. Hurd of the Democratic side offered resolutions on the death of Mr. Blaine. All the members and the audience of 1,500 stood until the resolutions were adopted.

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adopted.

AT LAKEWOOD.

It is Said Mr. Cleveland May Attend Mr.
Blaine's Funeral.

Lakewood, Jan. 27.—Mr. Cleveland and Don
M. Dickinson went to New York together on
the 10:50 train this morning. Mr. Cleveland
expected to go to New York together on
the 10:50 train this morning. Mr. Cleveland
his leaving town to-day was a surprise. Ho
avoided the Mills building while he was in
town and spont a part of the day at his city
residence, 12 West Fifty-first street, where he
mot several politicians by appointment. The
met several politicians by appointment of the commet several politici

cleveland nor Mr. Dickinson would discuss the matter one surmise is as good as another. From Philadelphia to-night comes the report that Mr. Harrity will not consider a Cabinet portfolio under any circumstances. This, it is said, comes direct from Mr. Harrity himself and eliminates his name from the slate. The introduction of Judge Gresham's name in the list of eligibles, and that fact is not disputed here, has excited a good deal of very contradictory comment. Mr. Cleveland sent a letter to Judge Gresham yesterday, and it is believed to-night that the Indiana statesman will answer it in person.

Mr. Cleveland used his brand new pass on the New Jorsey Central road for the first time to-day. It was not until be reached Elizabeth-port that he heard of Mr. Biaine's death. A friend of his said to-night that it was probable that he would attend the funeral. Mrs. Emmons Blaine, who has been staying at the Laure! House for the pnat week, will start for Washington by way of New York to-morrow.

Mr. Cleveland returned on the 5:10 train this afternoon. If he decides to go to Mr. Blaine's deen arranged to take place here will have to be postponed.

There was a slight flurry at the Cleveland

be postponed.

There was a slight flurry at the Cleveland cettage to-day because Baby Ruth had a slight strack of croup. Two dectors were summoned and then the excitement subsided.

The National Chairman Says That He Wil Not Accept Federal Office.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.-The report sent from Lakewood that William F. Harrity was to be Mr. Cleveland's Postmaster-General was not confirmed by that gentleman when ques-"I stick to what I have said all along. I am not a candidate for office in Mr. Cleveland's not a candidate for office in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet nor in the Federal service. My views are pretty generally known in this matter. It is not true that I had been telegraphed for to go to Mr. Cleveland, nor have I received any word or letter indicating that he desired to see me in regard to the Postmaster-Generalship. My various duties preclude any possibility of Governmental position.

"I do not know anything more about the gentlemen who have been and will be selected by Mr. Cleveland for his Cabinet than I read in the newspapers."

THE KANSAS MUDDLE.

The Populists Succeed in Electing a State

TOPERA, Jan. 27 .- The contending Houses of the Legislature both held sessions this morning, but neither has yet enacted a bill. The Republicans have no Senate to which they can send their bills, and the Populists fear to pass measure of any importance lest its legality be attacked in the Supreme Court. At 11 o'clock the Senate joined the two Houses, and the roll was called in the election of State

o'clock the Senate joined the two Houses, and the roll was called in the election of State Printer. E. H. Snow of Ottawa receiving the votes of eighty-three regular members and ten disputed members, the Republicans declined to vote, as eighty-three votes constitute a legal majority independent of contested cases. Snow was declared duly elected, and the joint convention dissolved.

The two Houses then organized separately, and upon announcement of the death of Mr. Blaine, resolutions of respect and condelence were adopted and both branches adjourned. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

As the election of Senator and State Printer is now out of the way it is probable that efforts will be renewed to bring the conflicting Houses together, either by mutual concessions or through the intervention of the courts. The Republicans still have sixty-four certified members in their organization, and insist that they will not disband unless forced to do so by the military power of the State.

The Populists have 58 certified members and ten additional members seased on contests. In one of the contest cases the Populists have ordered the arrest of three men in Riowa county who refused to estify before the Elections Committee. If the obstinate witnesses are brought before the Houset o answer for contempt an application will be made for their release on a writ of habeas corpus, and in this way it is thought the whole question concerning the organization of the Legislature may be presented to the Supreme Court.

Says America Wants to Absorb Mexico. CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 27.-El Tiempo published letter from Laredo complaining of the treat ment of Mexicans by the Texas authorities and Americans in general. The writer of the and Americans in general. The writer of the letter declares that the Mexican consuls do not afford protection to the citizens of Mexico, and requests that Senor Mariscal, the Foreign Minister, investigate the charges made in the letter. The writer also declares that the United States desires to absorb Mexico. El Tempo also contains an editorial article entitled "American Interference." in which it calls attention to the mission of Mr. Bushnell to Colombia, and says that the United States desires to dictate to all Spanish America.

Where Yesterday's Fires Ware

P. M .- 1:00, chimney, 442 West Twenty-eighth stree no damage: 6:00, 430 Broome street. Heiden & Son, loss \$250; 6:45. Rutgers piace. James Packett, no damage: 7:30, 181 East Broadway, Albert Latterer, damage tritling.



by the dealer who brings out some-

Discovery is guaranteed. If it don't benefit or cure, in every case, you have your money back. No other medicine of its kind is so certain and effective that it can be sold so. Is any other likely to be "just as good"?

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Townson in sua traver work to have the thirty to the

Mr. Lowrey Sees Visions-Mr. Sulzer In vites Mugs to Run with the Machine, Among those who were at the Cemmon-wealth Club dinner at the Holland House last evening were Abram S. Hewitt, Heary Vil-lard, Commissioner Daly of the Department of Public Works, Edward Simmons, Surrogate Ransom, James C. Carter, J. H. V. Arnold, Alfred R. Conkling, Sheriff Gorman, Register Levy. Congressman Joseph C. Hendrix, and is the same. His friends expected that he Speaker Sulzer.

Wheeler H. Peckham presided. The subject of the discussion which followed the din-ner was "Tammany's Belation to the Democracy." The principal speaker, whose prepared paper was discussed extemporaneously by those who followed, was Grosvenor P. Lowrey. He excited laughter by calling Tammany Hall a Mugwump in the campaign of 1879, in which Lucius Robinson was beaten for Governor. He added:

"The conception of Tammany Hall as a Mugwump may be amusing to the light minded, and lest an idea so scandalizing Tammany cheek. I will at once disayow the he lief that a Tammany Hall Mugwump of the past resembles the real live Mugwump of the present more closely than those automaton figures which perform functions of men and animals resemble the living thing."

Lest his remarks should be suspected of partisan bias, he presently said that he was a Democrat born and bred, and that the principles of the Democratic party of 1892 were

HE WANTS A POST OFFICE.

Congressman Have of Ohio Receives the Application, and It is a Unique One. Washington, Jan. 27.-Representative D. D. Hare of Ohio has received the most unique office-seeking epistle that has yet appeared in Washington. It is an application for a fourthclass Post Office, and deserves a better fate

Mr. Hare's district, reads as follows: DEAR SIR: Your name to us is a memento of hope and your exalted position deserves from the community at large where your presence is always receied. Now that large where your presence is always greeted. Now that I, one of your humble servants, assume to address you to pay attention to the following petition which originates from mostly all the inhabitants of this locality and town of a people we present the name of the season of the sea

JUDGE THAYER STILL OBDURATE.

Temporary New York Residents. BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 27.-The petition of Theresa Meara of Brooklyn for an absolute divorce from Dr. James Mears came up for the second time in the Superior Court in this city this afternoon. Judge Thayer, who refused the divorce last week, was on the bench to-day. Last week Judge Thayer gave Attorney Hart of Stamford, who appeared for the plaintiff, a week in which to secure further evidence and prepare an argument to support his assertion that the petitioner had gained such a legal residence in this State as the statutes required in order to apply for a divorce. In 1888 Mrs. Meara separated from her husband, and went to Stamford and remained a short time. For the next two years she travelled in Europe. Last week, when there was a hearing on her petition for a divorce. Judge Thayer took a decided stand against making Fairfield countr a place for wealthy New Yorkers to come and reside for a few months and appear to have gained a residence sufficient to support a petition for divorce. To-day Attorney Hart cited many authorities to show that Mrs. Meara had gained such a residence as the statute required. Judge Thayer, however, did not take any different view of the matter than he did last week when Mrs. Meara admitted that the only reason for coming to Connecticut was to secure a divorce, and told of her few months' residence at Stamford, followed by the years of travel on the Continent. At the close of the hearing Judge Thayer denied the decree and ordered the case stricken from the docket. Atterney Hart held a consultation with his client, and a motion for an appeal to the Supreme Court was made and allowed. State as the statutes required in

THE LINCOLN BANK FAILURE.

The Attorney-General Says Ex-Treasurer Hill Is Responsible for the State's Loss. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 27.-Under the new law which went into effect on Jan. 1 this year the State is liable for losses in approved State depositories, and when the Capital National Bank failed with \$225,000 of State money on deposit the impression prevailed that the loss, in case the bank was unable to pay, would fall upon

the State.

But this afternoon the Attorney-General made public an opinion in which he says that ex-State Treasurer J. E. Hill, who retired Jan. I, is responsible for the loss, the money having been deposited by him and not by Hautley, his successor, who alone acted under the new law. This opinion, if sustained, will ruin hill. His bond was for \$2,500,000.

The affairs of the bank were found to be in very lead condition, and it is no longer contended that depositors will be paid in full. Claims are being offered at 50 per cent. Freshdent Mosher is in the custody of the United States Marshal, under direction of the firand Jury, and it is understood that he will be arraigned to-morrow morning on the charge of embezzlement and defacing the bank's records.

To Welcome World's Fair Visitors from CHICAGO, Jan. 27.-Director General Davis

has appointed these New Yorkers as a reception committee to welcome to America dis-World's Fair: Charles S. Smith. Henry W. Cannon, Cornelius N. Bliss, Alexander E. Orr. Francis Lynde Stetson, Charles S. Faith, and J. Edward Simmons. All of these gentlement have accepted and the Director-General to-day sent to each the proper credentials. The committee will be advised of the coming of guests to whom honors are to be neld in New York. HIT THE JUDGE IN THE EYE

THEN THE GAS IN THE BOARD OF EDUCATION WAS TURNED OUT.

Afterward Judge Renner Pitched Dr. Luck into a Snow Bank.-The Fight Grew Out of Charges of Attempted Bribery.

"You are a loafer!" said Justice of the Peace Samuel Renner of Union Hill to Chairman Luck of the Board of Education just after Thursday night's meeting of the Board. straight lead with his left. He caught the Judge

fairly on one eye, and in a few moments that ere was nearly closed. This was the result of charges of attempted bribery brought in the meeting by Dr. Luck against Coroner Gustave Beyer. Dr. Luck had accused the Coroner of offering him \$150 if he would vote for the plans drawn for the new school building by Beyer & McCann. Architect Beyer is a brother of the Coroner. Both brothers appeared before the Board and offered to make affidavits that there had been no attempt to bribe anybody. Chairman Luck

offered to make affidavit to the truth of his assertion. Did you offer Dr. Warner Luck \$150 if he would vote for your brother's plans?" asked Trustee Kuhlmann when Coroner Beyer had been brought into the room.

"No. I never made any such offer." said the Coroner "What is that?" said Dr. Luck. "Did you

not offer me that sum?" "No, I said that if I heard good news from

not offer me that sum?"

"No, I said that if I heard good news from my brother's plans we would have a good drink, even if cost me \$150."

"That is not true. You came to my house and offered me a certified check, and you repeated the offer in your office. Why don's you tell the truth about it?"

I never made you any direct offer of money. I only asked you to look favorably upon my brother's plans. You sent me to Trustee Ring, and I said the same thing to him. There was never any question of pribery."

Dr. Luck said that it was evidently merely a question of veracity between himself and the two brothers, and after a stormy scene the yote by which Beyer'd McCann's plans had been adopted was reconsidered and all the plans were rejected. By this time the dense crowd that had gathered was making so much noise that no business could be done, and Chairman Luck declared the Board adjourned. The spectators flocked about the clerk's desk and began to talk. Justice Benner picked up Beyer & McCann's drawings and began to call the architects hard names. Dr. Luck smatched the plans away, and the Judge got very angry. Words led to words until the first blow was struck, as described above, and then the janitor turned out the gas. All hands got out into the street, and Judge Benner threw Dr. Luck into a snow bank. Then they grappied and struck at each other repeatedly, but their friends kept them apart. The angry men struggled along up the street for nearly three blocks, and were finally separated. Judge Benner walked off one way with his black eye, while Dr. Luck want the other. But before he went the Judge said that he would have an apology or he would have the Dector's life.

The charge of attempted bribery is still in abeyance, and no arrests have been made, either on that account or for the assault and hattery. Both Dr. Luck and Judge Benner threaten dire vengeance, however, both bodily and legal.

DUNLAP NOT TO BE AN ACTOR.

Gov. Russell Has Been Asking the ex-Con-Boston, Jan. 27.-James Dunlap is not to become an actor and take part in the play in which the Northampton Bank robbery is to be the central incident. Instead he is to lead a quiet life and endeavor to comply with the than the oblivion of the waste basket. The wishes of those who secured his pardon. When letter, which is postmarked at an Ohio town in the announcement was made that he was go-ing on the stage many protests were entered to the Governor, and a long correspondence

ing on the stage many protests were entered to the Governor, and a long correspondence passed between his Excellency the Governor and Dunian's friends.

Executive Clerk Hamiin communicated with Mrs. Rowland, who had figured so prominently as the bank robber's life-long friend, and asked if the report was true. She replied that in her opinion Mr. Dunian was under no obligation to the State of Massachnestts, and she did not see why so much interest was manifested in his weitare. Then Gov. Russell decided to take action. From the correspondence it is syldent that the matter has received consideration by Dunian, and resulted in the abandonment et the method plans in a letter so George Abbot Jones, who took a great interest in him. Dunian says:

"I have nothing to do with the play. It only shows how great secoundrois escape while their tools suffer years of imprisonment, in order to throw dust in the eyes of the public and justify the courts in letting them go. You know that I was kept in prison seven years inner than they had any right to keep me, and that the State's honor was prostituted in order to do it. It ever a man was taught by those in authority to be a double-syed sooundrel I am that man, and if I don't become one the thanks will be to such men as you."

In another letter he says: "The money temptation to take part in the play has been great, but I don't think it will go in this case. Don't lose jaith in me until I give you cause, and you may nover lose it."

RROKE INTO HER APARTMENTS. Mr. Blum Explains that this Was Ber

His Latch Key Wouldn't Work. Mrs. Annie Sonnwaldt of 80 Hutton street. Jersey City. appeared in Justice Birdsall's court yesterday as complainant against W. H. Blum of 90 in the same street, who was arrested for breaking into Mrs. Sonnwaldt's apartments at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. the is a widow of twenty-four, and Blum is an all-round sporting man. Before Mrs. Sonn-waldt was married Blum was a sultor for her hand, and as soon after her husband's death as decency allowed he renewed his attentions. Lately he has grown very jealous. Neither party was ready to have the examination yesterday morning, and Justice Birdsall posterday morning, and Justice Birdsall posterial the case until to-morrow.

Mrs. Sonnwaldt says Blum was in the habit of calling upon her. She finally gave Blum a key to her flat. At last, doubting his serious intentions of marrying her, she had attempted to dissolve their relations. Then he became violent, and broke into her spartments several times after she changed the locks on the doors. Blum said that his attentions were gladly accepted by Annie until "Connie" Heller, the son of her landlord, came on the scene. Then, he said, she had no use for him. When she put bolts on the doors which had before yielded to his latchkey it nearly made him mad. He always broke in then, and always expected to find Heller, but he never did until yesterday morning. He vowed his resolution to shoot his rival on sight. He said that if Heller had not been there annie would have found no more fault with him for breaking into her room than she had found before.

Annie is very pretty and of a reputable family, while Blum is of one of the best families in the "old Fourth district." He has a large income, which he spends on fast horses and in feminine society. Lately he has grown very jealous. Neither

FIGHT WITH TRAMPS.

Thirty-five of Them Swoop Bown Upon the Lumber Town of White Haven. HAZLETON, Pa., Jan. 27.-For the second time within two months the town of White Haven has been stormed by tramps. White Haven is a railroad lumbering town, and numerous sand houses are built along the railroad, in which fires are constantly kept to prevent the

sand from freezing. A soft bed in the sand beside a roaring fire is a tempting invitation for the tramp on a cold night. Tramps are not allowed in town during the day and they come in under cover of darkness. They ravage for food every night. Last night a band of 35 swooped down on the town. A dezen houses were entered and nilliged before the citizens realized what was going on. Nathan Eckrote was the first to give the alarm. In doing so he nearly lost his life. A half dozen tramps pounced upon him and were kicking him when assistance arrived. At another place three of them seized ida Williams, a fifteen-year-old girl. Their assaults were foiled by her sister, who fired on the men with a rifle. She fired with effect, for theod marks were traced a mile in the show. The entire town was aroused by the firing of pistols. The tramps made a determined stand for a time, but were forced to retreat. They were chased far into the mountains. A soft bed in the sand beside a roaring fire is

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